NOTES

IDENTITY OF THE ANTITUMOR ANTIBIOTIC LITMOMYCIN WITH GRANATICIN A

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(Received for publication September 12, 1974)

The antibiotic litmomycin has been isolated from a new *Streptomyces* species, *S. litmogenes*¹⁾. The antibiotic, which is produced in yields of over 2 g/liter, is highly active against gram-positive bacteria (MIC $0.25 \sim 1.75 \, \mu \text{g/ml}$), but has little or no activity against gramnegative bacteria, mycobacterium, molds or yeast²⁾.

Litmomycin was produced by fermentation of S. litmogenes on a peanut meal-starch medium for 48 hours. The whole culture was adsorbed on charcoal at pH 4.0 and filtered. The cake was washed with acidic water, airdried, defatted with n-hexane and then extracted with acetone. The eluate was evaporated to dryness the residue dissolved in dilute ammonia (pH $8\sim9$), and the solution was acidified and extracted with ethyl acetate. Repeated recrystallization of the residue of this extract from benzene gave pure litmomycin, m.p. 223~225°C. The antibiotic has the molecular formula C₂₂H₂₀O₁₀ (M.W. 444, calc. C 59.46%, H 4.54%, found C 59.41, H 4.72 %); its electron-impact mass spectrum shows fragment ions at m/e 400 ($C_{20}H_{16}O_{9}$) and 384 (C₂₀H₁₈O₈), whereas the NH₃ chemical ionization mass spectrum shows a peak at 447, presumably corresponding to a protonated molecular ion. Other spectroscopic data for litmomycin are: UV(EtOH) nm (log ε): 223 (5.30), 286 (4.57), 532 (4.62) and 5.76 (4.53); IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 1770, 1600 and 1565; NMR (220 MHz, TFA) δ , ppm, (J, Hz): 1.25 (d, 7), 1.69 (d, 7), 1.89 (bd, 15), 3.00 (d, 15), ca. 3.02 (m), 3.34 (dd, 18.5), 4.23 (q, 7), 4.51 (d, 8), 5.01 (br. s), 5.34 (q, 7), 5.62(m). A comparison

Granaticin A (litmomycin)

of litmomycin with known antibiotics by bioautography indicated that its behavior closely resembled that of granaticin, and antibiotic isolated from *Streptomyces olivaceus*³⁾. Comparison of the spectroscopic data with those published for granaticin A^{3,4)} showed good agreement and a direct comparison of litmomycin with a sample of granaticin A kindly provided by Prof. H. Zähner confirmed their identity.

Granaticin (litmomycin) has significant antitumor activity against P-388 lymphocytic leukemia in mice (T/C 166% at 1.5 mg/kg) and cytotoxicity against KB cells (ED₅₀ 1.6 μ g/ml).

Acknowledgments

We thank Dr. D. R. Brannon, Eli Lilly and Co., Indianapolis, for the bioautographic comparison, Prof. Dr. H. Zähner, Tübingen, Germany for the reference sample of granaticin A and the US Public Health Service for financial support (Grant AI 11728).

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